

ARE QUASIMONOENERGETIC ANNIHILATION PHOTONS ENOUGH MONOENERGETIC REALLY?

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Using the method of reduction /1/ reasons of the well-known systematic discrepancies between results of photonuclear experiments using different photon beams were investigated in details for $^{18}\text{O}(\gamma, n)^{17}\text{O}$ /2/, $^{63}\text{Cu}(\gamma, n)^{62}\text{Cu}$ /3/, $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, xn)$ /4/ reaction cross sections. For the first time evaluated data were obtained for all three steps of difference procedure ($Y_{e+}(E_j) - Y_{e-}(E_j) = Y(E_j) \cdot \sigma(k)$) typical for experiments with quasimonoenergetic photons from annihilation in flight of relativistic positrons (QMA). Clear intermediate structure resonances were found out /5/ (for ^{63}Cu and ^{197}Au as distinct from /3, 4/ results) in cross sections evaluated at the same energy resolution for each experiment step (obtained separately from yields $Y_{e+}(E_j)$ and $Y_{e-}(E_j)$ for reactions induced by positrons and electrons and difference $Y(E_j)$). GDR structure was compared to that obtained in bremsstrahlung experiments, good agreement was revealed. Inverse operation of evaluated cross sections smoothing gave the real QMA-result energy resolution several times worse (1.3 MeV for /3/ and 1.6 MeV for /4/) than estimated before.

Results obtained mean that typical subtraction procedure of QMA-experiments makes difficult noticeably the estimation of energy resolution really achieved in experiment. That leads to significant missing of the information on reaction cross section structure – as a rule QMA-cross sections are significantly over-smoothed. But information lost can be restored by additional data processing using the method of reduction or analogous ones.

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